

Delaware River Basin Commission

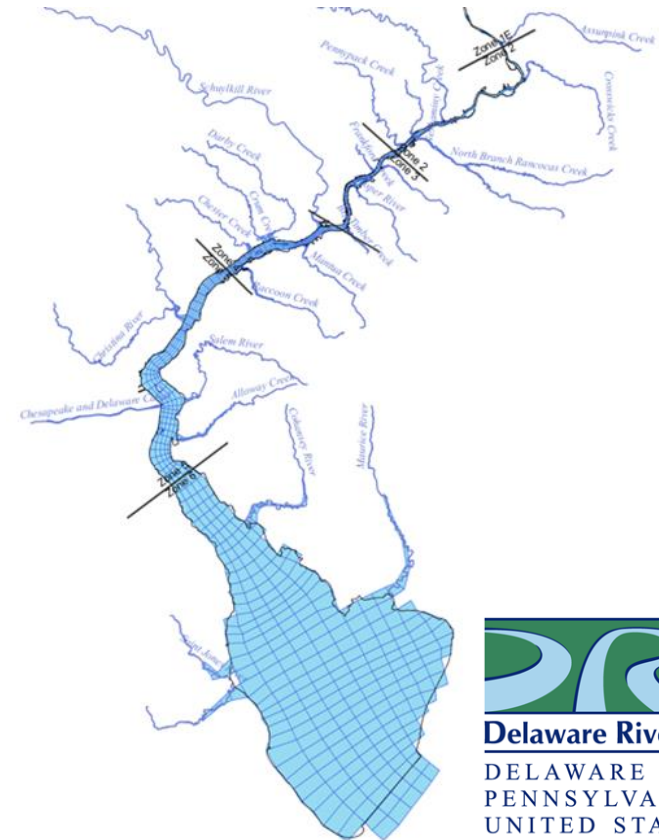
Water Quality Challenges

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Delaware Estuary Science and Environmental
Summit

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National Summary Causes of Impairment in Assessed Rivers and Streams

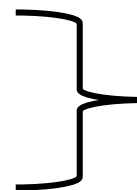
[Description of this table](#)

<u>Cause of Impairment Group</u>	<u>Miles Threatened or Impaired</u>
<u>Pathogens</u>	187,872
<u>Sediment</u>	138,874
<u>Nutrients</u>	118,831
<u>Organic Enrichment/Oxygen Depletion</u>	98,037
<u>Temperature</u>	94,488
<u>Metals (other than Mercury)</u>	94,384
<u>Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)</u>	82,311
<u>Mercury</u>	72,554
<u>Habitat Alterations</u>	63,019
<u>Turbidity</u>	47,750
<u>Cause Unknown</u>	45,318
<u>Cause Unknown - Impaired Biota</u>	44,900
<u>Flow Alteration(s)</u>	41,329
<u>Salinity/Total Dissolved Solids/Chlorides/Sulfates</u>	38,072

Priorities??

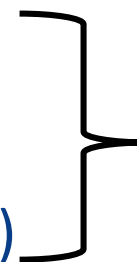
Water Quality Challenges in Delaware River Basin

- ❑ Pathogens
- ❑ Nutrients / Oxygen Depletion



Challenges caused by enhanced use
i.e., water quality improvements

- ❑ PCBs
- ❑ Flow Alterations
- ❑ Climate Change (Salinity/ hydrology/ Temp)



Challenges caused by impairment
– restoration or antidegradation
process

- ❑ Contaminants of Emerging Concerns

Pathogens

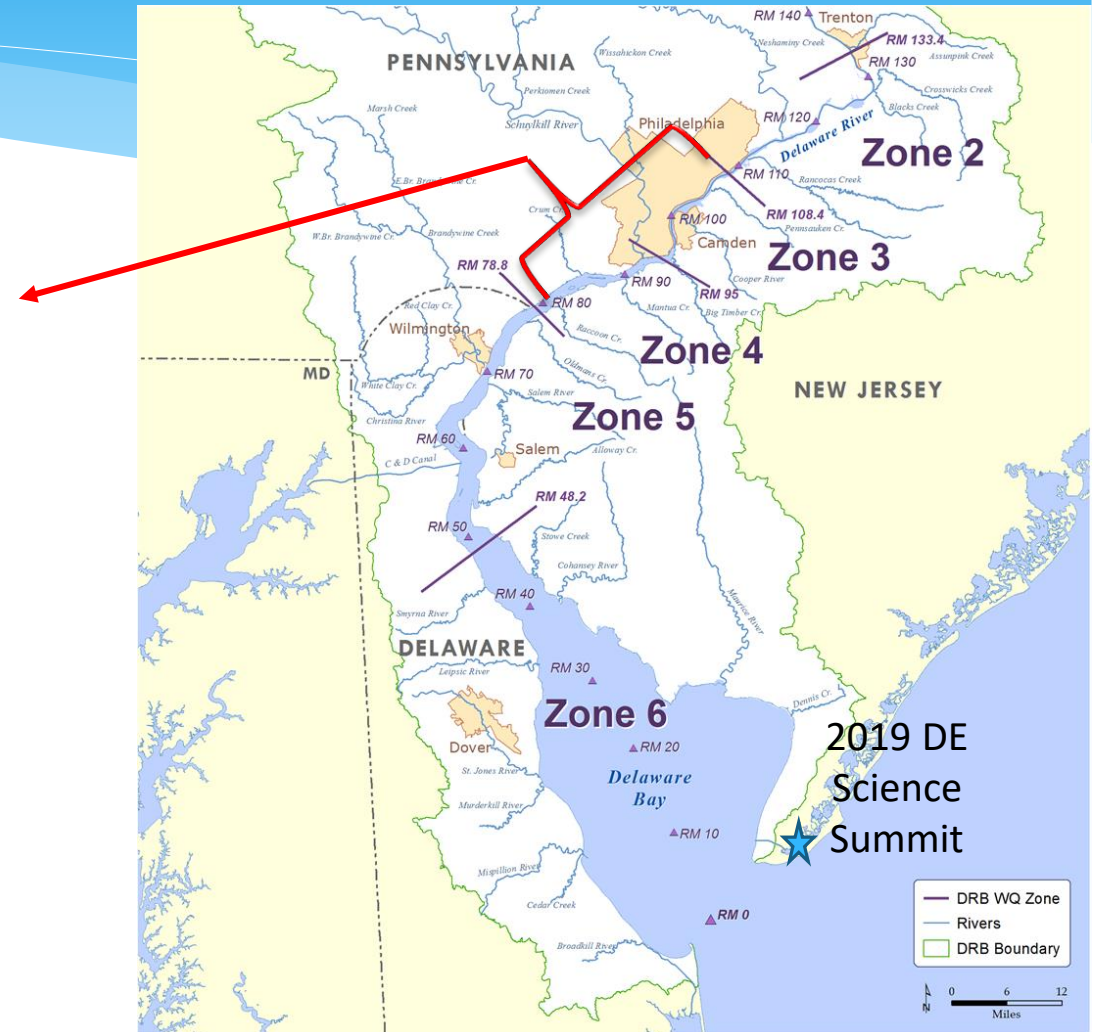
Issue:

- Entire mainstem Delaware River is designated as primary contact recreation use, except DRBC's Water Quality Management Zone 3 and upper portion of Zone 4 are designated as secondary contact recreation use
- Primary contact recreation activities occur in Zones 3 and 4

CWA Goal: swimmable

DRBC Action:

- Discussed in Water Quality Advisory Committee
- Initiates a special bacteria monitoring program in 2019



Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs)

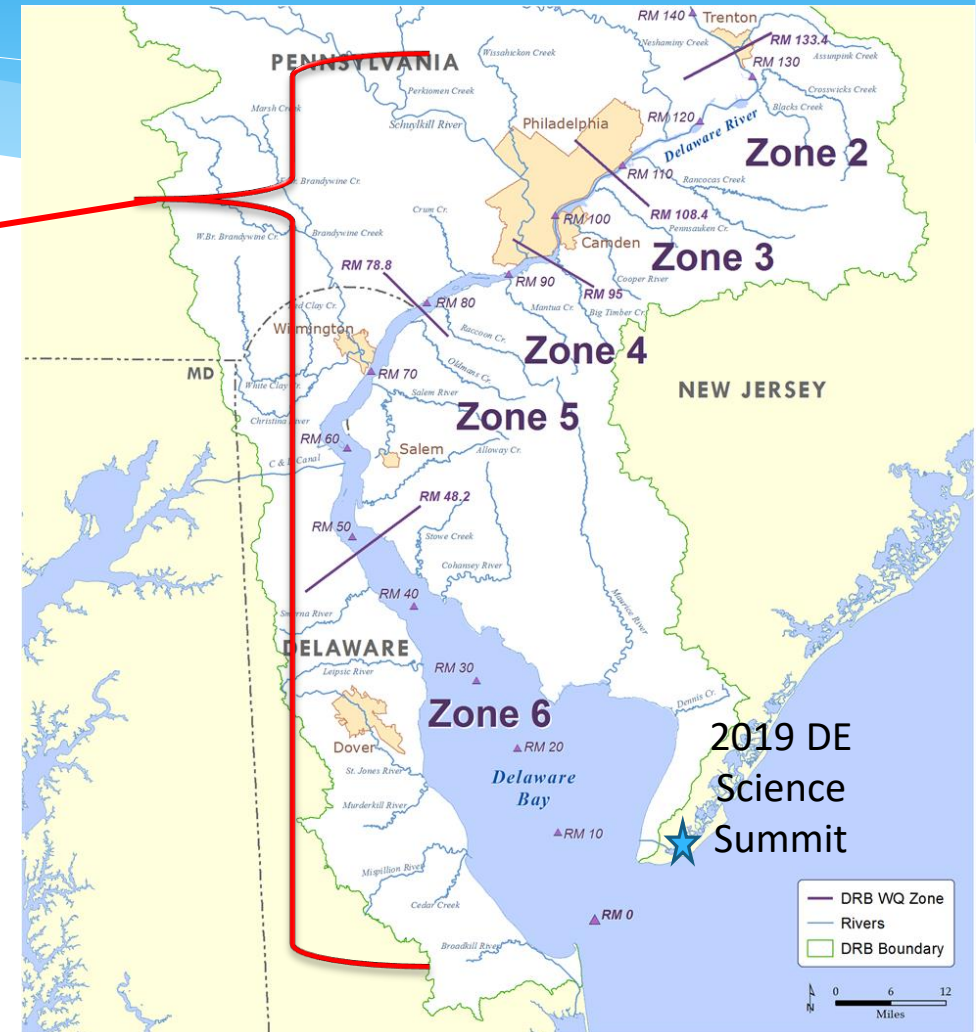
Issue:

- Delaware Estuary and Bay were listed as impaired by PCBs
- Strict fish consumption advisories due to high levels of PCBs in fish tissue

CWA Goal: fishable – unlimited fish consumption

DRBC Action:

- Stage 1 TMDLs developed and implemented in 2003
- Stage 2 TMDLs developed and being reviewed by Basin states and EPA
- Continued implementation of PCB Pollutant Minimization Plans
- Resulted Lesser stringent fish consumption advisories

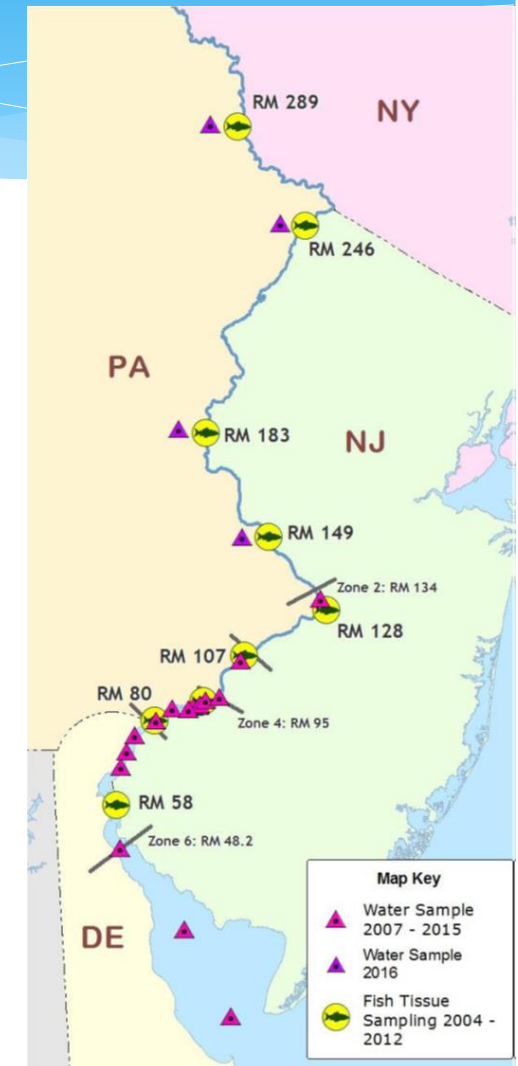


Contaminants of Emerging Concerns

- ❑ Issue: Contaminants of Emerging Concerns
- ❑ Goal: Ensure the protection of human health and aquatic life
- ❑ DRBC Action:
 - Monitoring and management strategy for microplastics and Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

- Surface water samples
 - Six sites in tidal for 2007, 2008, 2009
 - Fifteen sites in tidal for 2015
 - Four non-tidal in 2016
 - Longer Chain (C11, C10 and C9) and shorter chain (C7 and C6) decreasing

- Fish Species samples
 - Nine sites in tidal and non-tidal in 2004 ~ 2018
- Sediment samples
 - Thirty sites in 2016



Climate Change

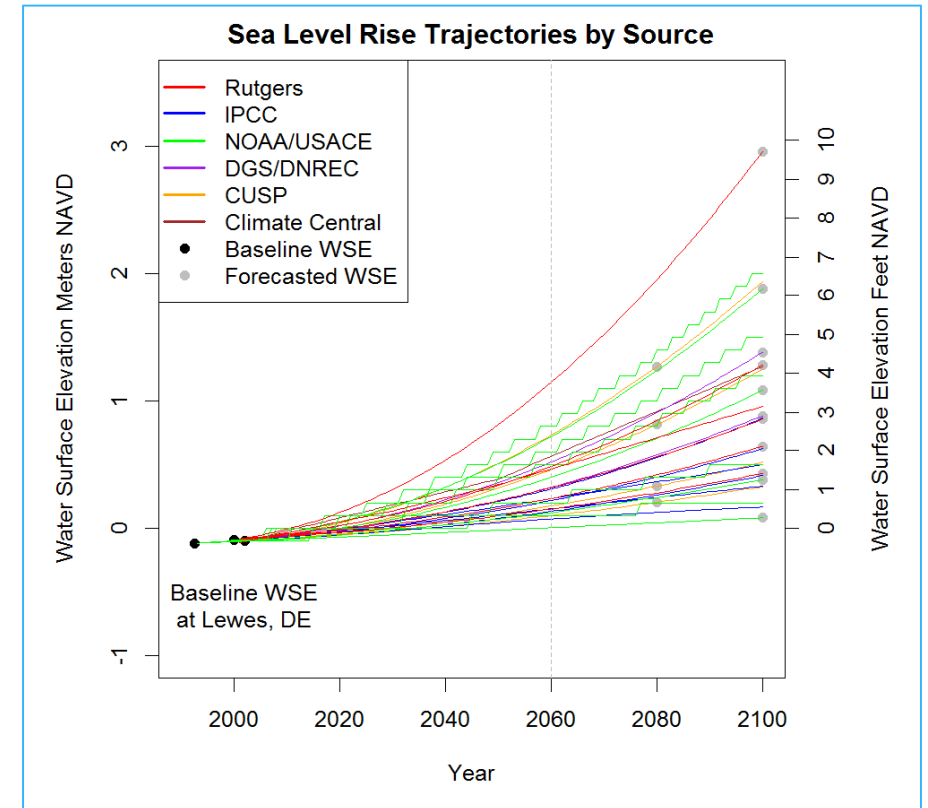
❑ Issue:

- Sea level rise – salt intrusion
- Hydrology changes – assimilative capacity, drought, storm
- Increased temperature

❑ Goal: Sufficient and high quality waters

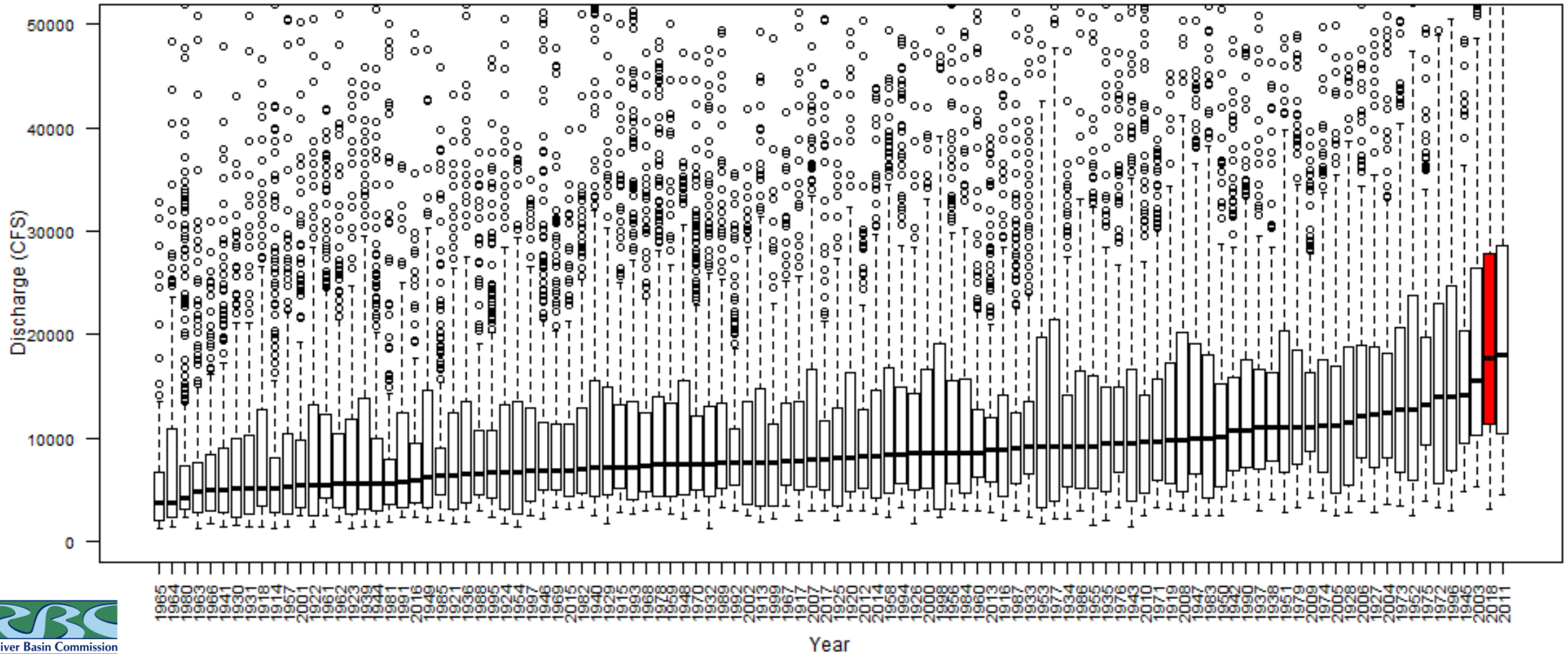
❑ DRBC Action:

- Implement lower basin reservoir operations and releases
- Implement lower basin drought management plans
- Evaluate impacts of climate change on water resources and evaluate management options



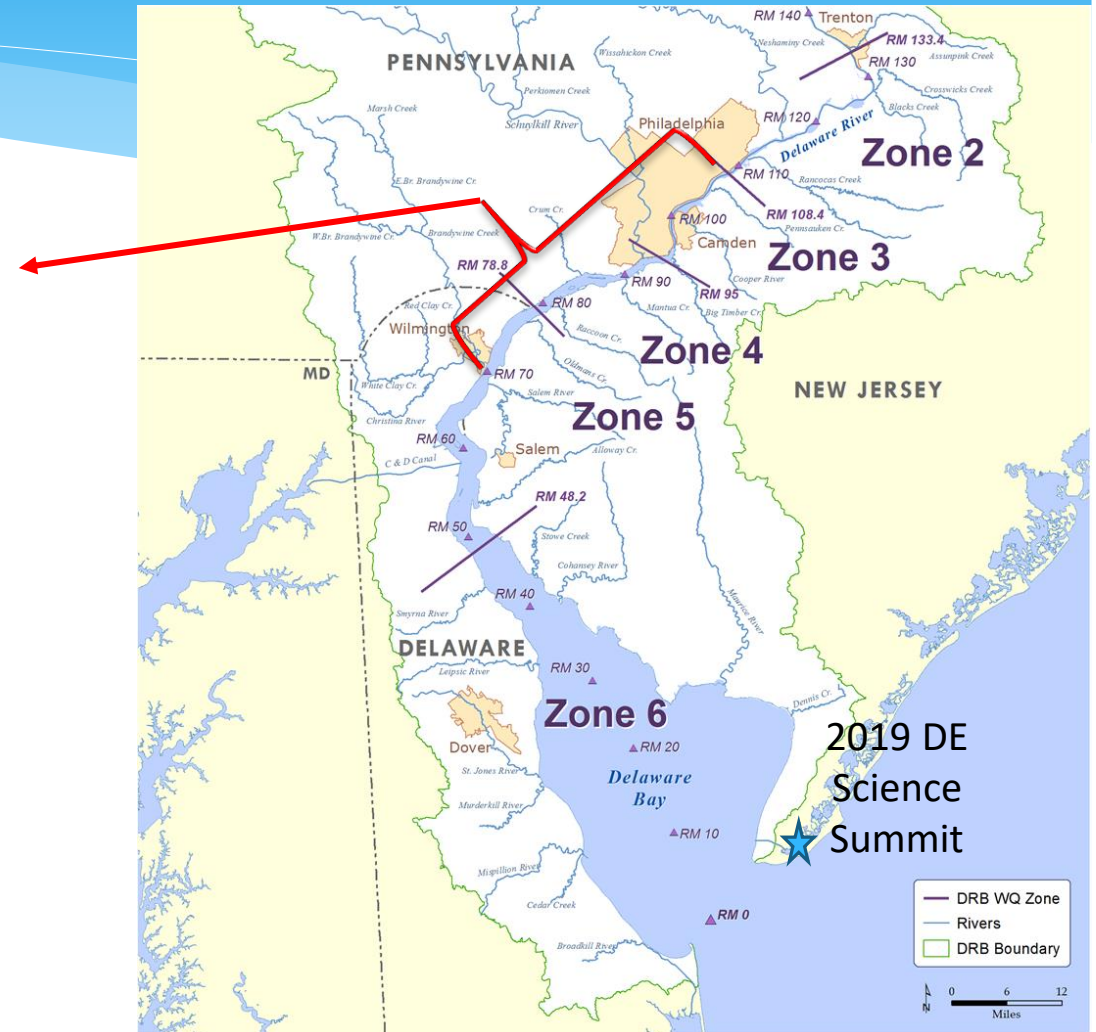
Ranked flow distribution since 1913 @ Trenton

Ranked Flow Distribution since 1913 (2018 in Red)
USGS 01463500 Delaware River at Trenton, NJ



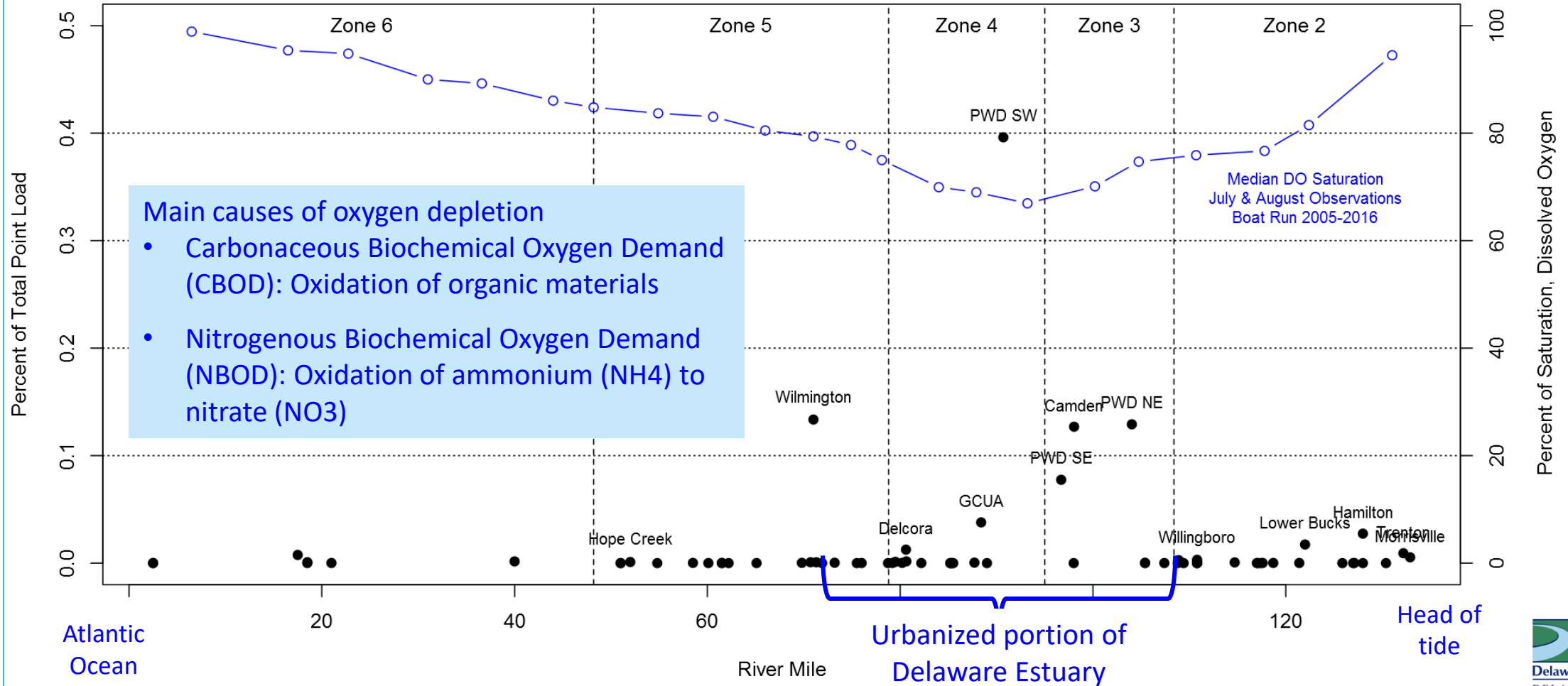
Nutrients / Oxygen Depletion

- ❑ Issue: In DRBC's Water Quality Management Zones 3, 4 and upper portion of Zone 5
 - propagation is not a designated use resulting in low dissolved oxygen criteria was adopted in 1967.
 - propagations of certain fish species have been identified (https://www.nj.gov/drbc/library/documents/ExistingUseRpt_zones3-5_sept2015.pdf)
- ❑ Goal: Adoption of
 - revised designated use including fuller propagation in urban portions of Delaware Estuary
 - associated higher DO criteria to support the Use.
- ❑ DRBC Action: Adopted Resolution 2017-4 (https://www.state.nj.us/drbc/library/documents/Res2017-04_EstuaryExistingUse.pdf)



Next Phase – Dissolved Oxygen

Relative Point Discharge Load by Delaware Estuary River Mile
NH3 - Ammonia, whole water Loading



Actions Underway

□ Enhanced monitoring:

- Point discharge monitoring
- BoatRun to year-round
- Added salinity at tidal boundaries
- Added nitrate sensors at Trenton & Chester gages
- Extensive tributary monitoring
- Light extinction monitoring
- Primary productivity study

□ Engineering evaluation & cost estimate for improved WWTP ammonia & TN

- Benefit analysis

□ DO needs study for Delaware Estuary Biota by ANSDU

(https://www.nj.gov/drbc/library/documents/Review_DOreq_KeySensSpecies_DelEstuary_ANStoDRBCnov2018.pdf)

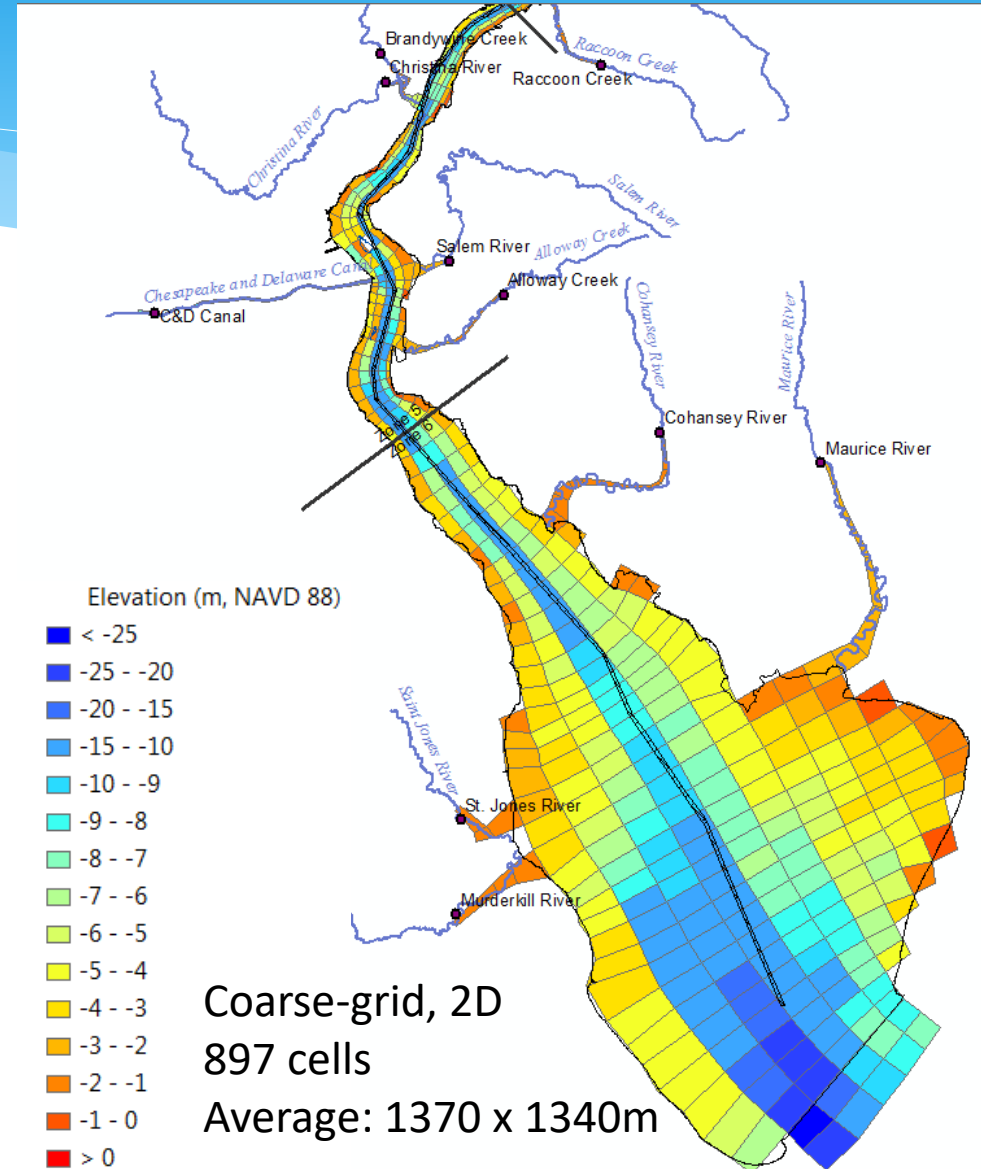
□ Development a linked hydrodynamic and water quality model

- Model working group (Nov. 2018)
- Model expert panel (Mar. 2018, 2019)



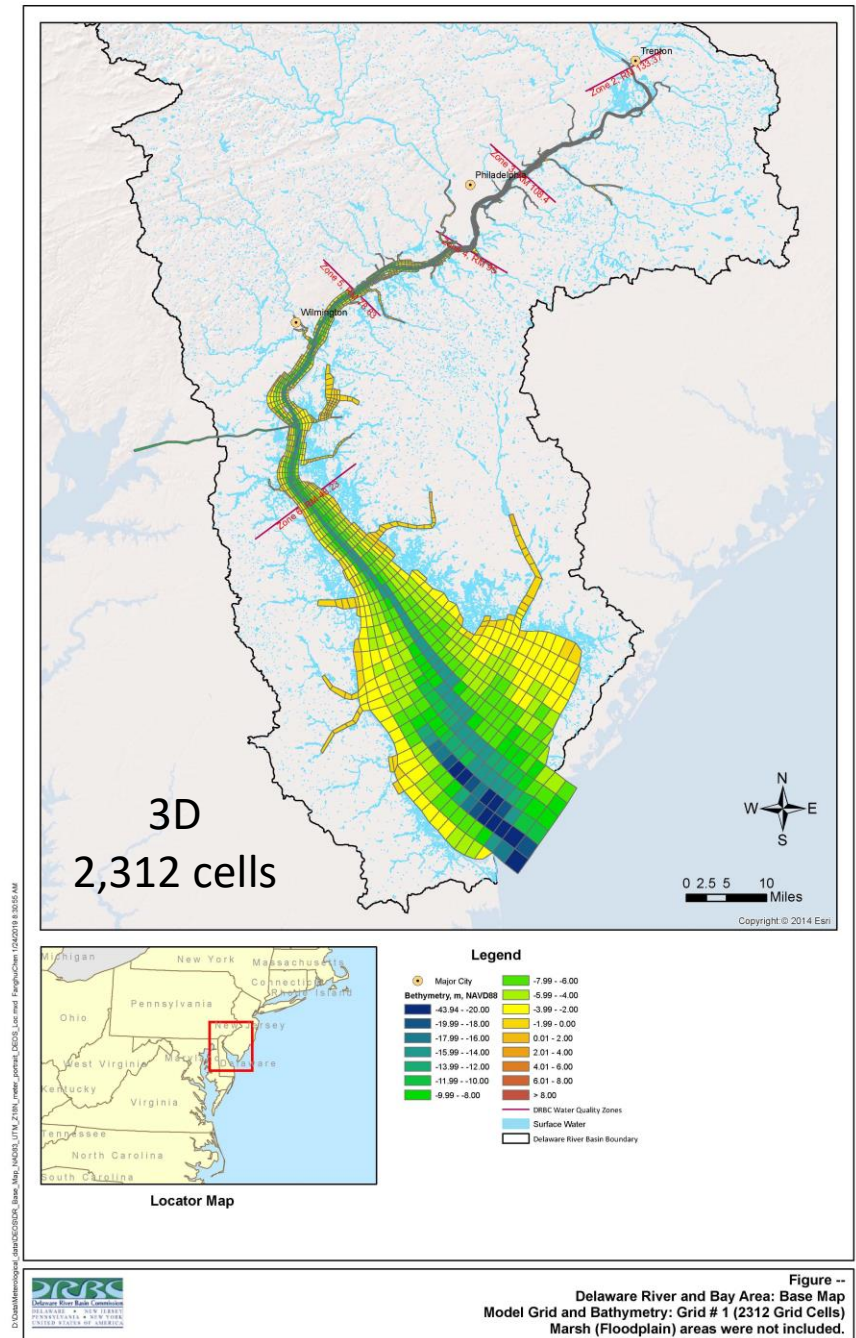
Status: Linked 2-D Hydrodynamic and WQ Model

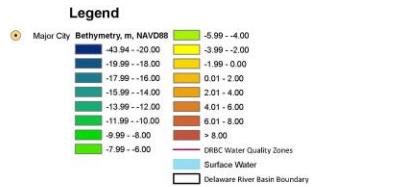
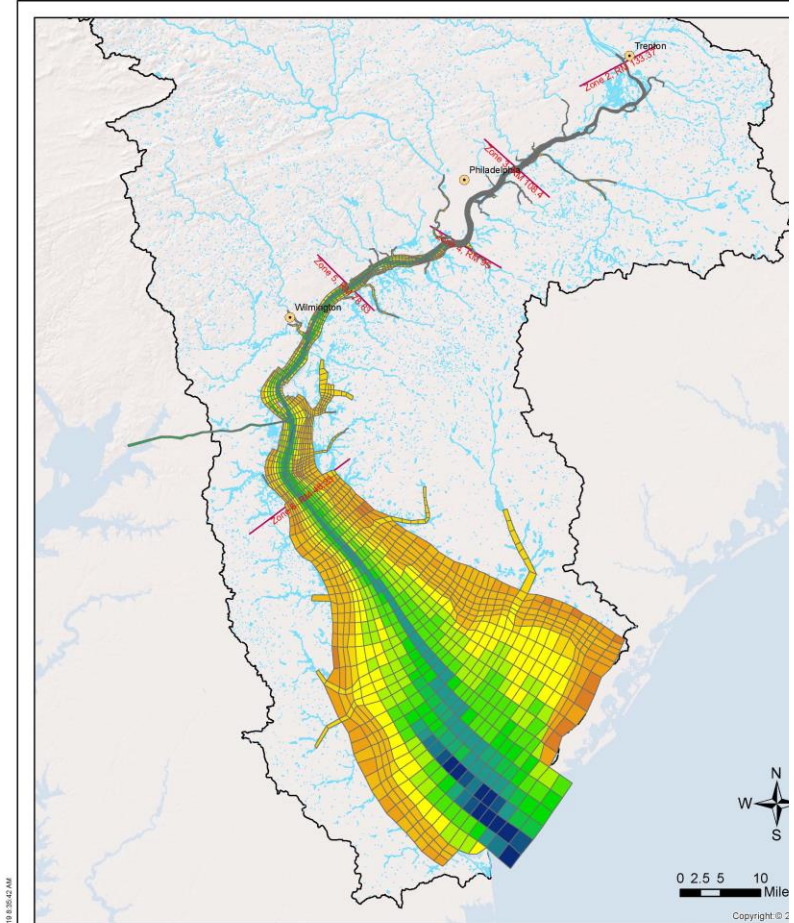
- ❑ Multiple versions of EFDC model codes were tested
- ❑ Successfully linked coarse grid 2-D EFDC and WASP8
- ❑ Reasonably simulated water surface elevations, water temperatures
- ❑ Under predicted salinity intrusion (code validation underway)
- ❑ Review & refine turbulence model input parameters
- ❑ 3-D model development



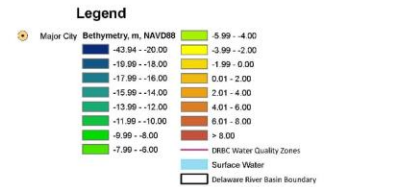
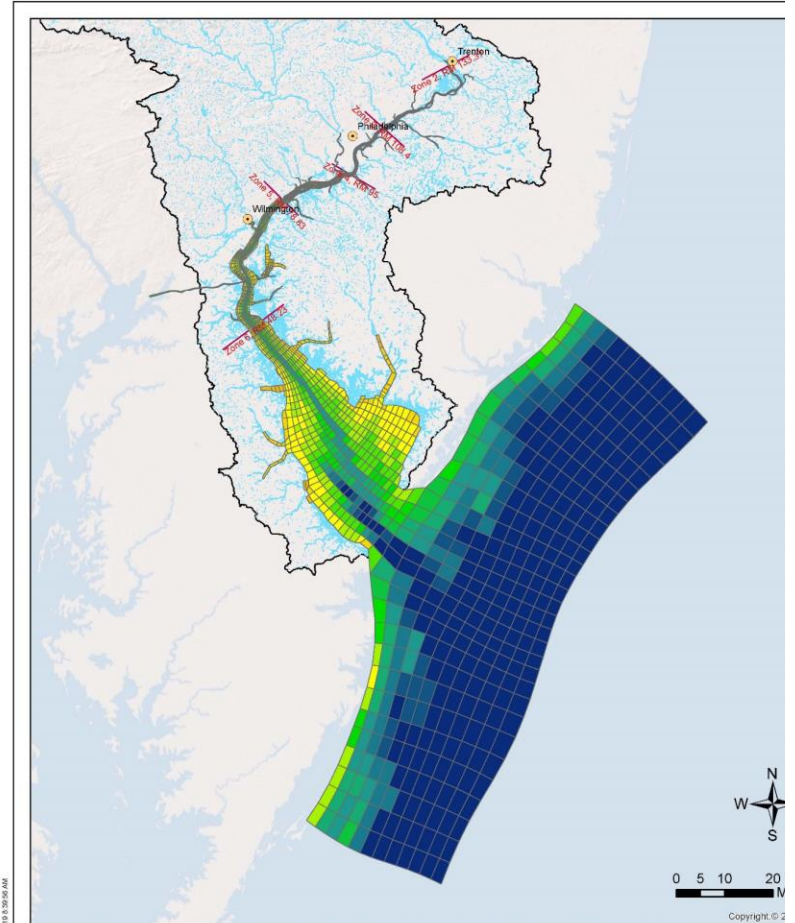
Linked 3-D EFDC – WASP8 Model

- Refine grid resolution
 - Better delineation of navigation channel
 - 8 vertical layers
 - Computational time step ~10 seconds
- Implementation of GVC hybrid grid
- Link 3-D fine grid EFDC and WASP8
- Initiate model calibration using 2017 – 2018 data sets
- Variable model domain and resolutions are being tested

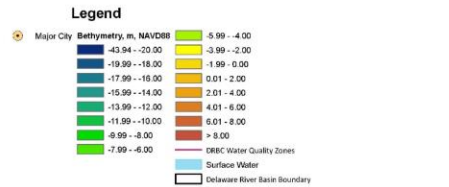
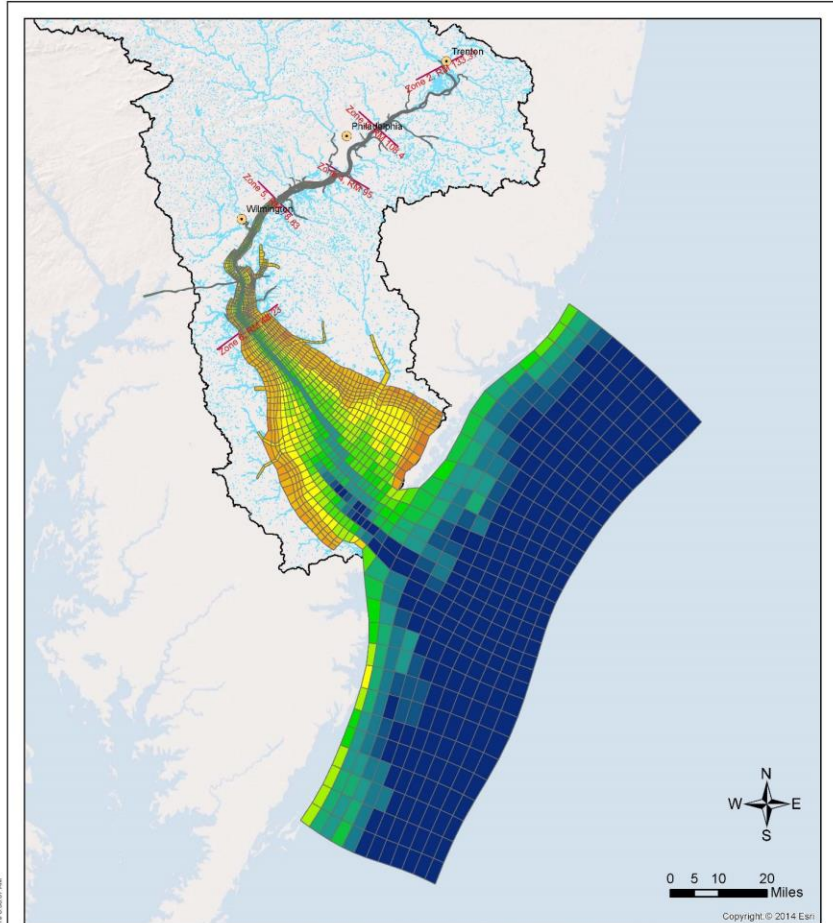




Delaware River and Bay Area: Base Map Model Grid and Bathymetry: Grid # 3 (2814 Grid Cells)
Marsh (Floodplain) areas were included, extended domain in Atlantic Ocean.



Delaware River and Bay Area: Base Map Model Grid and Bathymetry: Grid # 2 (2727 Grid Cells)
Marsh (Floodplain) areas were not included, extended domain in Atlantic Ocean.



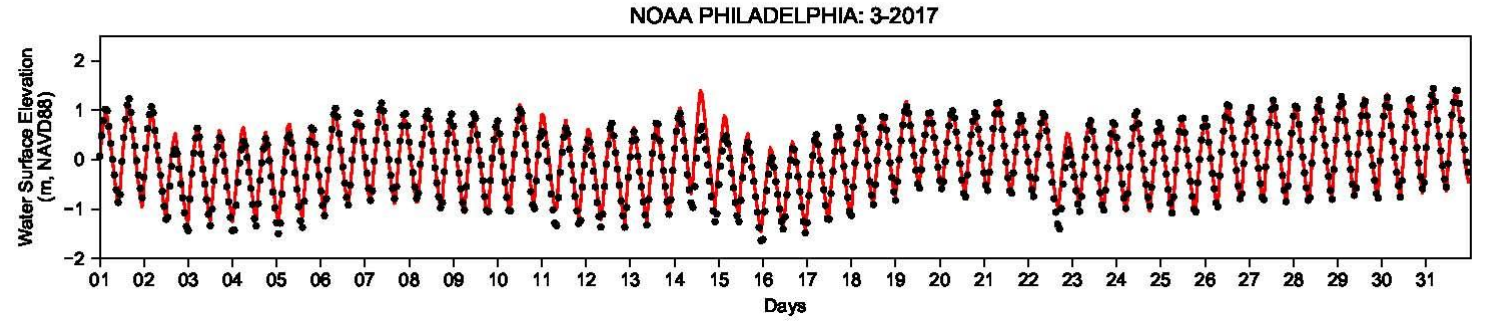
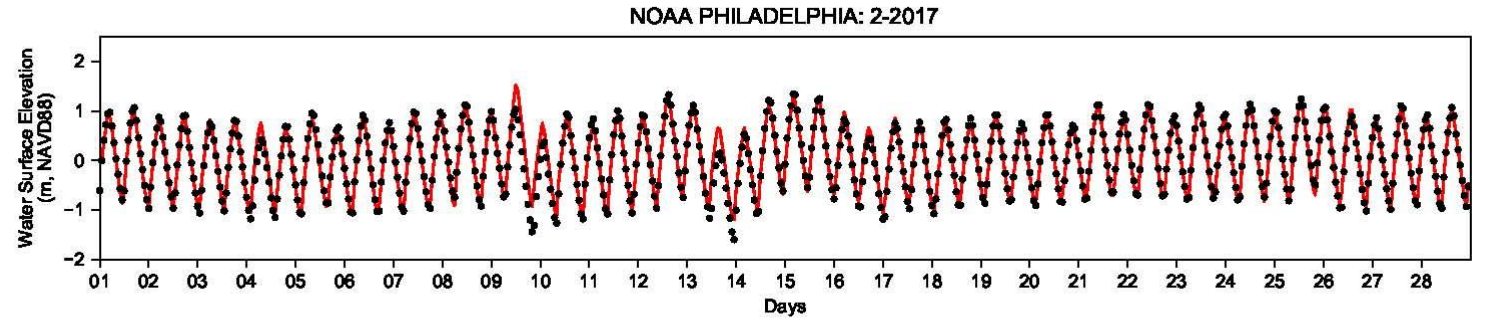
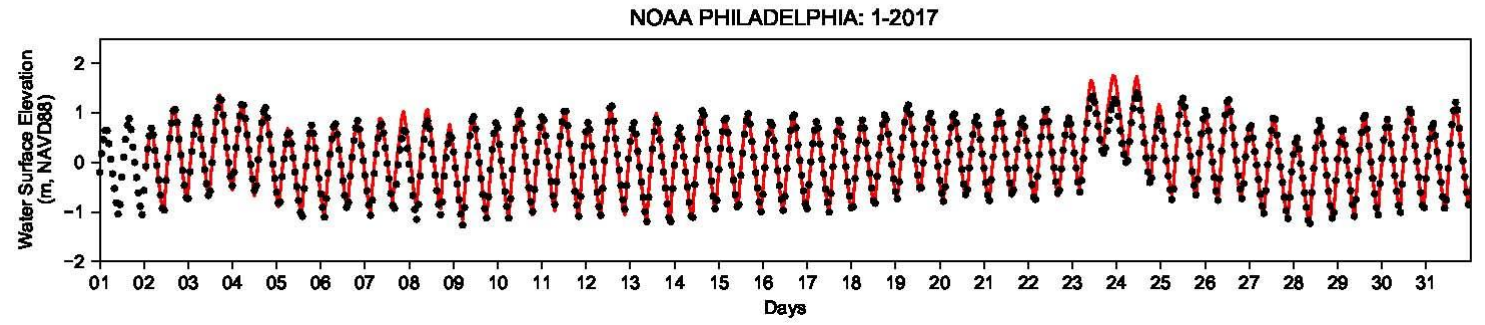
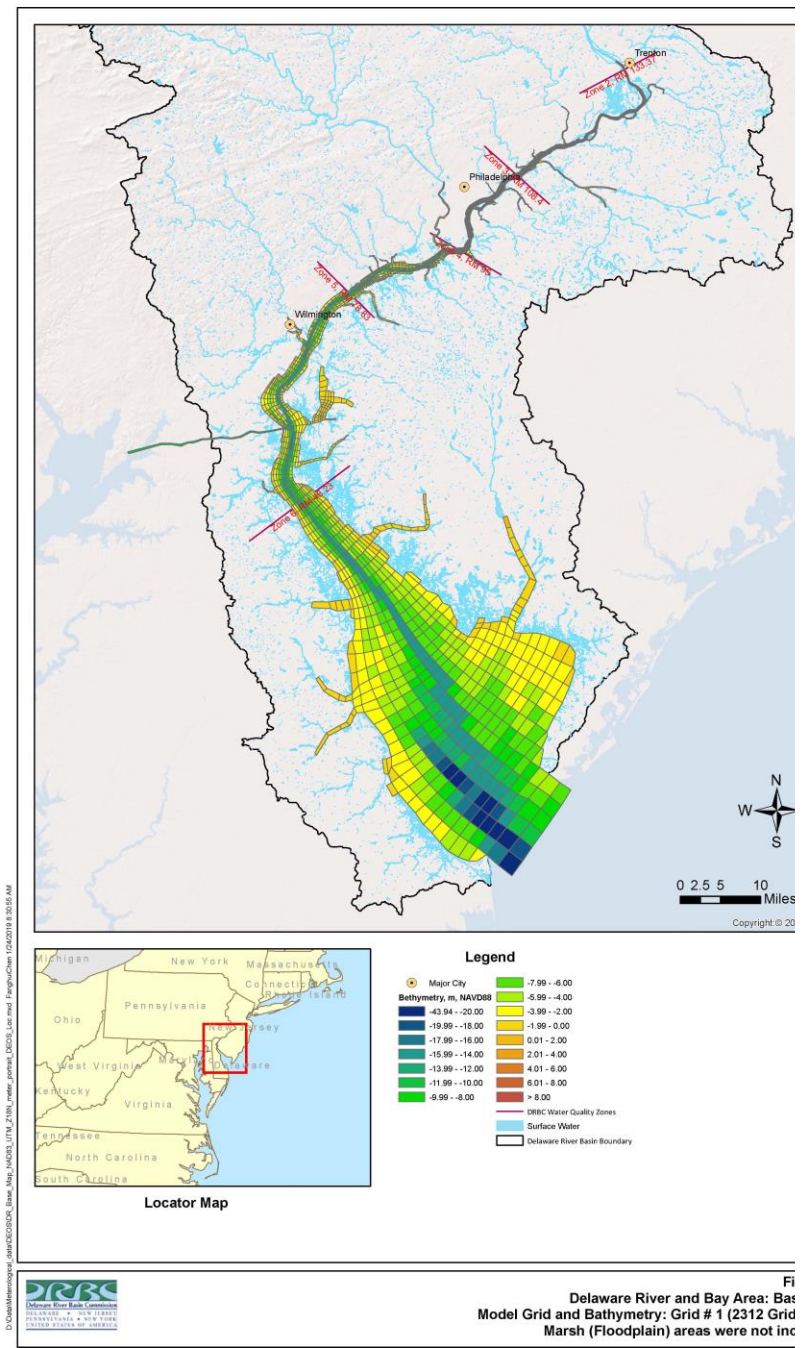
Delaware River and Bay Area: Base Map Model Grid and Bathymetry: Grid # 4 (3176 Grid Cells)
Marsh (Floodplain) areas were included, extended domain in Atlantic Ocean.

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— Model Prediction
• Data

Figure XX
Observed and Predicted Water Surface Elevation at NOAA PHILADELPHIA

NOAA hourly verified data were used. Station ID: 8545240
Run ID: EFDC_FGD_GVC_HYDRO_NFPNOC_1901-05, Fine grid GVC, KC=10. CTE3=3.

Summary (DRBC Actions)

- ❑ Pathogens: Initiate monitoring program starting 2019
- ❑ PCBs: Stage 2 TMDLs under development and continued implementation of PMPs
- ❑ Emerging contaminants of concerns: monitoring and management strategy under development
- ❑ Climate Change: compilation of local sea level rise and development tools to evaluate impacts on water resources
- ❑ Dissolved oxygen: monitoring and model development

Questions?

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