

Minutes of the Government Records Council March 25, 2014 Public Meeting – Open Session

I. Public Session:

• Call to Order

The meeting was called to order at 1:35 p.m. by Robin Tabakin at the Department of Community Affairs, Conference Room 129, Trenton, New Jersey.

• Pledge of Allegiance

All stood and recited the pledge of allegiance in salute to the American flag.

• Meeting Notice

Ms. Tabakin read the following Open Public Meetings Act statement:

"This meeting was called pursuant to the provisions of the Open Public Meeting Act. Notices of this meeting were faxed to the Newark Star Ledger, Trenton Times, Courier-Post (Cherry Hill), and the Secretary of State on March 20, 2014."

Ms. Tabakin read the fire emergency procedure.

• Roll Call

Ms. Bordzoe called the roll:

Present: Robin Berg Tabakin, Esq. (Chairwoman), Denise Parkinson, Esq. (designee of Department of Education Commissioner Chris Cerf), Dana Lane, Esq. (designee of Department of Community Affairs Commissioner Richard E. Constable, III) and Steven Ritardi, Esq. (Public Member).

GRC Staff in Attendance: Dawn R. SanFilippo, Esq. (Senior Counsel), Rosemond Bordzoe (Secretary), Frank F. Caruso (Senior Case Manager), John Stewart, Esq. (Mediator), Robert T. Sharkey, Esq. (Staff Attorney), Samuel Rosado, Esq. (Staff Attorney), and Deputy Attorney General Debra Allen.

Ms. Tabakin informed the public that copies of the agenda with complaint summaries are available by the conference room door.

II. Executive Director's Report:

- 1. 2014 Training Schedule in the process of being completed. To date we have 11 trainings scheduled:
 - February 21, 2014: Passaic County Clerk's Association over 60 participants. Was organized by the Paterson Clerk and Harlynne. Well received presentation.
 - O Power point presented at the Seminar was created for presentation to the public. The materials it covers are basic and do not meet the needs of a targeted group such as a clerk's association. The audience I presented to was well aware of OPRA and need more in depth education and materials targeted to the daily issues that arise such as when to redact a document. We need a power point presentation which is tailored to custodians.
 - April 9, 2014: John H. Stamler Police Academy in Union
 - April 11, 2014: Middletown/ Monmouth County Clerks Assoc.

2. Current Statistics

- Since OPRA's inception in 2002, the GRC has received 3,470 Denial of Access Complaints
- Fiscal year 2013 (July 1, 2012 June 30, 2013), the GRC received 323 complaints
- Current fiscal year (July 1, 2013 June 30, 2014), the GRC has received **311** complaints to date
- 3,152 of the 3,470 complaints have been closed (90.8%)
- 318 of the 3,470 complaints filed remain open and active
 - o 10 complaints are on appeal with the Appellate Division (3.1 %)
 - o 16 complaints are currently in mediation (5.0%)
 - 38 complaints are awaiting adjudication by the Office of Administrative Law
 (12%)
 - o 19 complaints are proposed for OAL (5.9%)
 - o 56 complaints are tentatively scheduled for adjudication at an upcoming GRC meeting (including April 29, 2014) (17.6 %)
 - o 179 complaints are "work in progress" matters (50.6%)
 - o 20,461 public inquiries via toll-free hotline since 2004

III. Public Comment: None

IV. Closed Session:

Ms. Tabakin read the Closed Session Resolution to go into closed session pursuant to <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 10:4-12(b)(7) to receive legal advice and/or discuss anticipated litigation in which the public body may become a party in the following matters:

- Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 2 (Somerset) (2011-228)
- Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 2 (Somerset) (2011-262)
- Richard P. Cushing v. Washington Township Fire District No. 1 (Warren) (2013-229) (*Pulled from Agenda*)
- Robert D. Yackel v. Township of Edison (Middlesex) (2013-227) (ICFR) (Pulled from Agenda)

Ms. Parkinson made a motion to go into closed session and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The Council adopted the motion by a unanimous vote. Ms. Parkinson made a motion to end the closed session and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The Council adopted the motion by a unanimous vote. The Council met in closed session from 1:40 p.m. until 2:45 p.m.

Open Session reconvened at 2:47 p.m. and Ms. Bordzoe called roll.

Present: Ms. Tabakin, Ms. Parkinson, Ms. Lane and Mr. Ritardi.

V. Approval of Minutes of Previous Meetings:

• February 25, 2014 Open Session Meeting Minutes

Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion to approve the open session minutes of the February 25, 2014 meeting. The motion passed by a majority vote, Mr. Ritardi abstained.

• February 25, 2014 Closed Session Meeting Minutes.

Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion to approve the closed session minutes of the February 25, 2014 meeting. The motion passed by a majority vote, Mr. Ritardi abstained.

VI. New Business – Cases Scheduled for Adjudication

Ms. Tabakin stated that: an "Administrative Complaint Disposition" means a decision by the Council as to whether to accept or reject the Executive Director's recommendation of dismissal based on jurisdictional, procedural or other defects of the complaint. The Executive Director's recommended reason for the Administrative Disposition is under each complaint below.

A. Administrative Disposition Adjudications with Recusals (Consent Agenda):

The following complaints were presented to the Council for summary administrative adjudication:

1. Keith A. Werner v. County of Morris (2013-368) (SR Recusal)

- Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's recommendations
 as written in the above Administrative Complaint Disposition. Ms. Parkinson made a
 motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote;
 Mr. Ritardi recused.

2. Edward Allatt IV v. NJ Department of Community Affairs, Office of Regulatory Affairs (2013-111) (DL Recusal)

- Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's recommendations as written in the above Administrative Complaint Disposition. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Mr. Ritardi seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Ms. Lane recused.

B. Administrative Disposition Adjudications with no Recusals (Consent Agenda):

- 1. John Feher v. Borough of Cliffside Park (Bergen) (2013-231)
 - No records responsive to request exist.
- 2. Tyrone Maurice Bey v. NJ Department of Human Services (2013-246)
 - Settled in mediation.
- 3. Tyrone M. Jamison v. City of New Brunswick (Middlesex) (2013-252)
 - No records responsive to request exist.
- 4. Frances Velarde v. Hopatcong Borough (Sussex) (2013-265)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn
- 5. Anthony J. Menafro v. Township of Edison (Middlesex) (2013-273)
 - No records responsive to request exist.
- 6. Mitchell Rait v. State of NJ Department of Treasury (2013-294)
 - Settled in mediation.
- 7. Peter Choy v. State of NJ Office of the Attorney General (2013-355)
 - Settled in mediation.
- 8. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. Galloway Township (Atlantic) (2013-366)
 - Settled in mediation.
- 9. J.C. McCormack v. State of NJ Department of Treasury (2014-9)
 - Duplicate of complaint concurrently being adjudicated.
- 10. Ronald Zeck v. East Greenwich Township (Gloucester) (2014-18)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 11. Shawn G. Hopkins v. Borough of Bradley Beach (Monmouth) (2014-20)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 12. David Thurnau v. City of Bayonne (Hudson) (2014-31)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 13. Shawn G. Hopkins v. Borough of Keyport (Monmouth) (2014-34)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.

- 14. Shawn G. Hopkins v. Borough of Lake Como (Monmouth) (2014-49)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 15. Frances Hall v. Township of Tabernacle (Burlington) (2014-80)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 16. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. State of NJ Department of Treasury (2014-85)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 17. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. State of NJ Department of Treasury (2014-87)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 18. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. Salem County Special Services School District (2014-89)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.
- 19. Roger Eichenour v. Monmouth County Park System (2014-100)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn.

Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's recommendations as written in all of the above Administrative Complaint Dispositions. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

C. Cases Withdrawn from Consideration (Consent Agenda):

- 1. <u>Brian J. Levine (on behalf of Natalie Stephens) v. NJ Department of Community Affairs, Division of Fire Safety</u> (2010-339) (DL Recusal)
 - Settled before the Office of Administrative Law ("OAL"); recommended for dismissal.
 - Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's recommendations
 as written in the above case withdrawn from consideration. Ms. Parkinson made a
 motion and Mr. Ritardi seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote;
 Ms. Lane recused.
- 2. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 2 (Somerset) (2011-217)
- 3. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 2 (Somerset) (2011-218) Consolidated
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn between the parties; recommended for dismissal.
- 4. Norman J. Lenchitz v. Pittsgrove Township (Salem) (2012-265)
 - Complaint voluntarily withdrawn between the parties; recommended for dismissal.

Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's recommendations as written in all of the above cases withdrawn from consideration. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

A. Individual Complaint Adjudications with Recusals:

Ms. SanFilippo stated that the Executive Directors' recommended action is under each complaint.

- 1. Robert A. Verry v. Borough of South Bound Brook (Somerset) (2013-43) (SR Recusal)
- 2. Robert A. Verry v. Borough of South Bound Brook (Somerset) (2013-53) (SR Recusal) Consolidated

- The Custodian is in contempt of the Council's Interim Order thus the complaint should be referred to the OAL. The issue of disclosure of records has already been determined by the Council, and thus is not an outstanding issue with OAL. The Custodian may have failed to bear his burden of proving a lawful denial of access that the Council determined to be valid. The Council rejected Custodian's request for reconsideration and the Appellate Division denied a motion for leave to appeal; thus, the Custodian was required to comply with the Council's Order. Based on the evidence of record, it is possible that the Custodian's actions were intentional and deliberate, with knowledge of their wrongfulness, and not merely negligent, heedless or unintentional. The complaint should be referred to OAL for a knowing and willful determination. Further, the Complainant has achieved "the desired result because the complaint brought about a change (voluntary or otherwise) in the custodian's conduct, there was a factual causal nexus exists between the Complaint and the relief achieved and the relief achieved had a basis in law. Therefore, the Complainant is a prevailing party entitled to an award of a reasonable attorney's fee. For administrative ease, the OAL is to determine the amount of attorney's fees.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Mr. Ritardi recused.

3. Robert A. Verry v. Borough of South Bound Brook (Somerset) (2013-135) (SR Recusal)

- The approved minutes provided to the Complainant on May 6, 2013 were the official record of the reorganization meeting and not the draft minutes forwarded on May 8, 2013. The Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the responsive record, thus the Complainant has not achieved the desired result. The Complainant did not prevail here because the record sought was not subject to disclosure, regardless of the fact that the Custodian disclosed same, thus no violation of OPRA occurred. Therefore, the Complainant is not a prevailing party entitled to an award of a reasonable attorney's fee.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Mr. Ritardi recused.

4. David H. Weiner v. County of Essex (2013-220) (SR Recusal)

• The Custodian's response informing the Complainant that there were no responsive records constitutes an insufficient search and an unlawful denial of access to the two (2) records subsequently located. Since the Custodian certified in the Statement of Information and in his March 12, 2014 response to the GRC's Additional Information Request that no other responsive records exist, and because the Complainant did not submit any contrary argument or evidence to refute same, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records. Although the Custodian conducted an insufficient search in response to the Complainant's request and thus unlawfully denied access to those two (2) records, the Custodian provided the Complainant with

- all records responsive to the request. The evidence of record does not indicate a knowing and willful violation.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Mr. Ritardi recused.

5. Renata Wooden v. City of Newark (Essex) (2013-235) (SR Recusal)

- The Custodian failed to comply with the Council's Interim Order. Thus, the Council thus finds that the Custodian is hereby in contempt of Council's Order. This complaint should be referred to the OAL; the Council emphasizes that the issue of the disclosure of records has already been determined and thus is not an outstanding before OAL. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the portions of the requested records and the communications, and the Custodian failed to comply with the terms of the Council's Interim Order. This complaint should be referred to the OAL for knowing and willful analysis. The Complainant has achieved the desired result, a factual causal nexus exists between the Complaint and the relief ultimately achieved and the relief achieved had a basis in law. The Complainant is a prevailing party entitled to an award of a reasonable attorney's fee. For administrative ease, the OAL should determine the amount of the award of reasonable attorney's fees.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Mr. Ritardi recused.

6. <u>Dad J. Dawara v. Office of the Essex County Administrator</u> (2013-267) (SR Recusal)

- The Custodian has not borne his burden of proving that he lawfully denied access to the request based on the statute's exemption of "criminal investigatory records" from public access. Accordingly, the Custodian shall provide to the Complainant a copy of his October 24, 2000 arrest report, making all appropriate redactions, and any additional responsive records not exempt from disclosure under OPRA. Standard compliance and proof of same ordered. The Council defers the knowing and willful analysis.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Mr. Ritardi recused.

7. <u>Michael I. Inzelbuch v. Lakewood Board of Education (Ocean)</u> (2013-97) (DP Recusal)

• The Custodian complied with the Interim Order. Although the Custodian failed to respond to the Complainant's OPRA request in a timely manner and failed to bear his burden of proving that the denial of access to the records, he did comply with the terms of the Interim Order. The Custodian's actions did not indicate a knowing and willful violation of OPRA.

 Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Mr. Ritardi made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Ms. Parkinson recused.

8. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. NJ Department of Education (2013-190) (DP Recusal)

- The Custodian complied with the Council's Interim Order. The Custodian disclosed redacted copies of the requested records to the Complainant after the GRC determined that no special service charge was warranted. The evidence of record does not rise to a knowing and willful violation.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed by a majority vote; Mr. Ritardi recused.

9. Harry B. Scheeler, Jr. v. NJ Department of Education (2013-191) (DP Recusal)

- Ms. Tabakin expressed concern that any disclosure of a portion of the teacher's home address could expose said teacher to unsolicited contact. The Council agreed to table this complaint to receive advice from outside counsel.
- (Pulled from Agenda)

B. Individual Complaint Adjudications with no Recusals:

1. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 2 (Somerset) (2011-228)

- \$300 is a reasonable fee to reflect Counsel's experience and the local prevailing rates for representation of clients in OPRA matters. However, the time spent on the file exceeds that which an experienced OPRA attorney would require. A considerable amount of time expended appears to have been done so on basic research: a custodian should not be expected to pay for the time a prevailing party spends coming up to speed on an area of law it is unfamiliar with. Accordingly, the Council awards fees to Counsel for \$3,720.00, representing 12.40 hours of service at \$300 per hour. Further, no enhancement should be awarded because Counsel did not request a lodestar adjustment.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

2. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 2 (Somerset) (2011-262) Consolidated

• \$300 an hour is a reasonable fee for attorneys of Counsel's experience representing clients before the GRC. Accordingly, the Council finds that Counsel's hourly rate should be assessed at \$300 to reflect his experience and the local prevailing rates for representation of clients in OPRA matters. However, the time expended was not reasonable. Accordingly, the Council awards fees to Counsel for \$4,050.00, representing 13.50 hours of service at \$300 per hour. Further, no enhancement should be awarded because Counsel did not request a lodestar adjustment.

- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.
- 3. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-284)
- 4. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-285)
- 5. <u>Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset)</u> (2012-286)
- 6. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-287)
- 7. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-295) Consolidated
 - The Executive Director respectfully recommends the Council find that since there are significant issues of contested facts, these complaints should be referred to OAL for a fact-finding hearing to resolve the following:
 - A determination of whether the current Custodian conducted a sufficient search and fully complied with the Council's August 27, 2013 Interim Order in its totality. This includes any attachments that exist within those e-mails provided. If it is determined that compliance was not fully met, the OAL may order disclosure of any deficient records.
 - 2. A determination of whether the current Custodian unlawfully denied access the six (6) e-mails to which access was denied, by way of *in camera* review of same.
 - 3. A determination of whether the original Custodian and/or current Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unlawfully denied access to the requested e-mails under the totality of the circumstances.
 - 4. A determination of the award of a reasonable attorney's fee because the Complainant prevailed based on the Council's Order and the Franklin Fire District's subsequent compliance with same. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.
 - Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.
- 8. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-288)
- 9. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-289)
- 10. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-290)
- 11. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-293)
- 12. Jeff Carter v. Franklin Fire District No. 1 (Somerset) (2012-294) Consolidated
 - The Executive Director respectfully recommends the Council find that since there are significant issues of contested facts, these complaints should be referred to OAL for a fact-finding hearing to resolve the following:
 - A determination of whether the current Custodian conducted a sufficient search and fully complied with the Council's August 27, 2013 Interim Order in its totality. This includes any attachments that exist within those e-mails provided. If it is determined that compliance was not fully met, the OAL may order disclosure of any deficient records.
 - 2. A determination of whether the current Custodian unlawfully denied access to the nine (9) e-mails to which access was denied, by way of *in camera* review of same.

- A determination of whether the original Custodian and/or current Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unlawfully denied access to the requested e-mails
- 4. A determination of the award of a reasonable attorney's fee because the Complainant prevailed based on the Council's Order and the Franklin Fire District's subsequent compliance with same. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

13. Christopher Lotito v. NJ Department of Labor, Human Resources (2013-65)

- The Custodian did not bear her burden of proof that she timely responded to the Complainant's request. The Custodian lawfully denied access to the PARS file because same contains performance evaluations that are not subject to disclosure. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the responsive job description and payroll report because same were subject to disclosure. The Council should decline to order disclosure of these records because the Custodian provided them as part of the Statement of Information. Since the Custodian certified in the SOI that no training records exist, and because there is no evidence in the record to refute same, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested training records. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the job description and payroll record, the Custodian attached same to the SOI. Further, the Custodian lawfully denied access to Ms. Washington's PARS because same is exempt and training record because same does not exist. The evidence of record does not indicate a knowing and willful violation.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Mr. Ritardi requested that the word "Although" be added to conclusion No. 5. Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as edited. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

14. <u>Christopher Lotito v. NJ Department of Labor, Division of Unemployment Insurance (2013-66)</u>

15. <u>Christopher Lotito v. NJ Department of Labor, Division of Unemployment Insurance</u> (2013-67) Consolidated

- The GRC must conduct an *in camera* review of the following records to determine the validity of the Custodian's assertion that the records constitute "... records, reports and other information obtained from employees or employers ..." and/or "inter-agency, intra-agency advisory, consultative or deliberative" material that are exempt from disclosure.
 - a.Docket No. 347.059
 - o Internal docketing information sheets and records.
 - o Examiner's notes.
 - o Representation questionnaire.
 - o Telephone hearing contact sheet and message sheet.
 - b. Docket No. 408.907
 - o Internal docketing sheets

- The Council defers the knowing and willful analysis.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

16. Luis Rodriguez v. Kean University (2013-69)

- The Custodian has borne her burden of proving that she did not unreasonably deny access to the University's current policy and procedures for disciplinary actions related to ethics violations. The Custodian provided the Complainant with a link to the Internet address where the responsive record resided and offered to provide a hard-copy of said record if the Complainant could not access the record online. The Complainant's request item No. 2 is an invalid request for information that fails to seek identifiable government records. Thus, the Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the Complainant's request. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. SanFilippo advised the Council that this decision represented a change in the GRC's policy regarding a custodian's ability to direct a request to records posted to a public agency's website. Ms. SanFilippo noted that previously, the GRC's policy did not allow a custodian to respond in such a manner, but that this decision effectively changed this policy to allow it. Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

17. Kevin Lawrence Conley v. NJ Department of Corrections (2013-138)

- The Custodian did not bear his burden of proof that he timely responded to the Complainant's OPRA request. Although the Custodian responded in writing to the Complainant's OPRA request, said response was insufficient because he failed to provide a date certain upon which he would respond to the Complainant providing any responsive records. The Custodian did not unlawfully deny access to the requested records because the Custodian certified that he disclosed to the Complainant the records responsive to the request on April 19, 2013. The Custodian's actions did not rise to the level of a knowing and willful violation. The Complainant is not a prevailing party entitled to an award of a reasonable attorney's fee.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

18. Joseph Galligan v. Township of West Deptford (Gloucester) (2013-163)

- Because the items requested are either part of, or related to, applications for Firearms Purchase Identification and/or Handgun Purchase Permits, they are exempt from disclosure.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

19. <u>James Kevin Barnes v. Trenton Public Schools (Mercer)</u> (2013-187)

- The Custodian complied with the Council's Interim Order. The Custodian provided the Complainant with all records responsive to the request. The evidence of record does not indicate a knowing and willful violation. The Complainant has achieved "the desired result because the complaint brought about a change (voluntary or otherwise) in the custodian's conduct, a factual causal nexus exists between the Complaint and the relief ultimately achieved. The Custodian did not respond to the Complainant's request until the day the Complainant filed his Denial of Access Complaint. The Custodian's response to the Complainant's request was insufficient. Further, the relief ultimately achieved had a basis in law. Therefore, the Complainant is a prevailing party entitled to an award of a reasonable attorney's fee. N.J.S.A. 47:1A-6. The Complainant, or his attorney, is entitled to submit an application for an award of attorney's fees.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

20. Michael Palkowitz v. Hasbrouck Heights (Bergen) (2013-199)

- The Custodian complied with the Council's Interim Order. The Custodian unlawfully denied access to the requested sick, vacation and personal days for all employees of Hasbrouck Heights. However, the Custodian timely complied with the Council's Interim Order. Further, it should be noted that the Custodian provided a plethora of records in the face of the Complainant's multiple changes to his original OPRA request all within the seven (7) business day time frame. The evidence of record does not indicate that the Custodian's violation of OPRA had a positive element of conscious wrongdoing or was intentional and deliberate. Therefore, the Custodian's actions do not rise to the level of a knowing and willful violation.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

21. Sally Herships v. State Wide Joint Insurance Fund (Morris) (2013-202)

- The Custodian lawfully denied access to the requested records. The checks are not government records that were made, maintained, kept on file, or received by a public agency in the course of its official business, or as records that have been made on behalf of Statewide, in the course of official business, by one of its agents or contractual partners. Further, the Custodian has certified, and the Complainant has not refuted, that no responsive records exist. Pusterhofer v. New Jersey Department of Education, GRC Complaint No. 2005-49 (July 2005).
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Mr. Sharkey noted that he added the <u>Pusterhofer</u>, analysis because no responsive records existed. Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as edited. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

22. Amanda Stone v. Manasquan School District (Monmouth) (2013-203)

- The GRC must conduct an *in camera* examination of the entire report titled "MANASQUAN SCHOOL DISTRICT Superintendent of Schools Search" prepared by Leadership Advantage, LLC and dated June 18, 2013, to determine the validity of the Custodian's assertion that the "concerns and challenges facing the school district" section of the report is not subject to disclosure as a government record. The Council defers the knowing and willful analysis.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

23. Frances Hall v. Township of Howell (Monmouth) (2013-209)

- The Council should refer this matter to the OAL for a hearing to resolve the facts of this complaint; specifically if the Township has the ability to create a TSE file with its own software system and in turn can provide the requested record or if the installation of software by a third party is necessary for the Township to gain access to the requested record. Furthermore, it is unclear as to what type of access is granted to third parties by obtaining a "global PIN" number for the Township's software. Additionally, this complaint should be referred to the OAL to determine whether the Custodian knowingly and willfully violated OPRA and unreasonably denied access under the totality of the circumstances.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Mr. Rosado advised the Council that he removed language regarding a party's ability to intervene because it was not relevant to the facts of this complaint. Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as amended. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

24. Frances Hall v. City of East Orange (Essex) (2013-211)

- The Custodian has not borne her burden of proving that the Complainant's request is invalid under OPRA for being overbroad and unclear; rather, the Complainant made a sufficiently specific request for the tax search export file produced by the City's tax software system. The Custodian has not borne her burden of proving that she lawfully denied access the requested tax export file because the record indicates that the Custodian's tax software maintains the file in the medium requested, and the failure to provide the file that medium is a violation of OPRA. The Custodian shall email a copy of the requested file to the Complainant; however, the Custodian need not provide the Complainant with copies of the file at regular intervals absent the Complainant's submission of new OPRA requests. Additionally, and in light of the Council's past finding that there is no actual cost incurred by transmitting records electronically, the Custodian may seek to impose a special service charge if she can demonstrate costs stemming from the circumstances described in N.J.S.A. 47:1A-5(d). The Council defers the knowing and willful analysis.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

25. <u>Jaconda Wagner v. Township of Montclair Police Department (Essex)</u> (2013-222)

- The Custodian has not borne her burden of proving that she lawfully denied access to the Complainant's request for "personnel information of [the listed officers] including data that discloses conformity with specific experiential, educational, or medical qualifications required for employment." The Custodian has already produced information pertaining to the officers' names, positions, salaries, and lengths of service; thus, because the Complainant made a valid request for personnel information, she shall disclose any responsive information relating to the named officers' titles, payroll records, dates and reasons of separation, and the amounts and types of any pensions received. The Custodian shall provide the specific "data contained in information which disclose conformity with specific experiential, educational or medical qualifications required for employment" with the Township Police Department, less any detailed medical or psychological information, that is contained in the named officers' personnel files. If all responsive data has already been provided to the Complainant, the Custodian shall send a certification to the GRC certifying same as part of her certification of compliance with the Council's order in this matter. The Council defers the knowing and willful analysis.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Tabakin noted that attorneys representing clients should be made aware of their obligation to file their complaints on behalf of said client if they intend to request an award of prevailing party attorney's fees. Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

26. Robert D. Yackel v. Township of Edison (Middlesex) (2013-227)

• Closed Session (Pulled from Agenda)

27. Richard P. Cushing v. Washington Twp. Fire District No. 1 (Warren) (2013-229)

• Closed Session (Pulled from Agenda)

28. Roger L. Fidler, Esq. v. NJ State Commission of Investigation (2013-250)

- The Custodian has borne his burden of proving that he lawfully denied access to the requested records because the Complainant sought "information acquired and . . . records created" by the Commission during an investigation.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

29. <u>Patricia Elaine Cheatham v. Borough of Fanwood Police Department (Ocean)</u> (2013-262)

• The Custodian did not bear his burden of proof that he timely responded to the Complainant's OPRA request. The Custodian lawfully denied access to the Complainant's request for the police report regarding the May 2, 2005 incident because police incident reports, and related documents that summarize information contained in such reports, have been found to be criminal investigatory records exempt from disclosure under OPRA. The Custodian provided the Complainant with all records she contested in her complaint, even when disclosure was not required

- because police incident reports are considered exempt, the Custodian's actions do not rise to the level of a knowing and willful violation.
- Ms. Tabakin called for any discussion on the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Hearing none, Ms. Tabakin called for a motion to accept the Executive Director's findings and recommendations as written. Ms. Parkinson made a motion and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

VIII. Court Decisions of GRC Complaints on Appeal: None

IX. Complaints Adjudicated in NJ Superior Court & NJ Supreme Court:

• Paff v. Borough of Cliffside Park, 2014 N.J. Super. Unpub. LEXIS 437 (February 28, 2014): In August 2013, Borough of Cliffside Park Police Chief Donald Keane and representatives from the Borough of Cliffside Park began exploring options for the terms of Keane's retirement. The Cliffside Park Borough Council then introduced Ordinance 2013-10 which authorized the Mayor and the Council to appoint new detectives and create the position of Deputy Chief of Police, who would report directly to the Mayor and the Council. The Ordinance was adopted on October 8, 2013.

The Law Division, with some very strong language at the beginning and end of the opinion, held that the public has a right to access documents regarding expenditures of public funds and no sufficient confidentiality arguments have been presented. It should be noted that the Judge stated that "... if the public is entitled to the document then it must be disclosed, it does not matter what the document is named." <u>Id.</u> at 38.

This statement is in line with the Council's thought process in <u>Lagerkvist v. NJ Dep't of Treasury</u>, GRC Complaint No. 2011-110 (Interim Order dated September 25, 2012). The Court thus held that Cliffside Park violated OPRA by refusing to produce the requested settlement/terminal leave agreement and settlement checks if they exist. The Court further held that plaintiffs were entitled to an award of prevailing party attorney's fees.

• <u>212 Marin Blvd., LLC v. City of Jersey City</u>, 2014 <u>N.J. Super.</u> Unpub. LEXIS 382 (February 27, 2014): Here, the Appellate Division reversed and remanded a Law Division decision accepting defendant's motion to dismiss a suit on the basis that plaintiff failed to state a claim.

Plaintiff filed multiple OPRA requests seeking documents from Embankment Acquisition Steering Committee, an ad hoc committee organized by defendant. In response to said requests, defendant denied knowledge of the Steering Committee, but later disclosed an e-mail evidencing its existence. This complaint followed and was dismissed on a technical issue. Plaintiff thereafter appealed.

Although based on an OPRA request, this decision currently is not instructive. However, it is included because of the public agency implications set forth therein. Specifically, the Law Division addressed the public agency question and determined there was not enough

facts present to support that any relationship exists between the City and Steering Committee.

X. Public Comment (Second Session): None.

XI. Adjournment:

Ms. Parkinson made a motion to end the Council's meeting and Ms. Lane seconded the motion. The motion passed unanimously.

Meeting adjourned at 3:35 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Robin Berg Tabakin, Esq., Chair

Date Approved: April 29, 2014